



Centre for  
Local Government



An Australian Government Initiative



Regional  
Development  
*Australia*  
MORETON BAY AND SUNSHINE COAST

# Regional Development Australia Moreton Bay and Sunshine Coast

## Future Directions Discussion Paper

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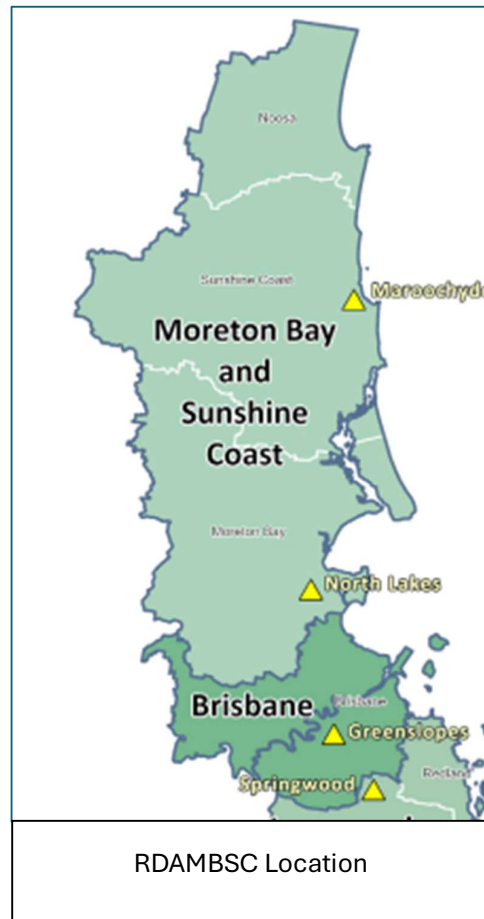
## Foreword from the Chair

Regional Development Australia Moreton Bay and Sunshine Coast (RDAMBSC) recognises its unique position in driving economic planning and strategy development for the entire northern growth corridor which spans across the City of Moreton Bay, Sunshine Coast and Noosa local government areas (LGAs).

Being a newly established entity on 1 April 2024, we are working hard to ensure we have solid foundations for the years ahead.

On 10 June 2024, the RDAMBSC Board endorsed a Vision Statement supported by four Focus Areas to shape the RDAMBSC’s efforts over the 12 months to 30 June 2025. Key to this vision is establishing region-led partnerships and a recognition that our best and most impactful work will be undertaken in collaboration with other quality, engaged and motivated organisations within the region.

This approach enabled RDAMBSC to mobilise quickly and deliver immediate outcomes on the ground to demonstrate our capacity and build credibility.



Now that we are beyond our immediate establishment phase and the Australian Government has re-confirmed its commitment to the RDA network to 2030, RDAMBSC is well positioned to deliver impactful initiatives taking on a longer-term perspective.

One of the important foundations for this was to establish an independent review of our region’s economic performance. We have partnered with the nation’s leading research organisation in this area, Centre for Local Government, Institute for Public Policy and Government at University of Technology Sydney, who have produced this discussion paper which we are using to open up the conversation with our key local partners and stakeholders. This is a critical time to invest in bringing together the insights and evidence base that informs our longer-term view of our region’s strategic investment needs and gives us the tools and partnerships to start activating and advocating for these opportunities.

Critically, our region is substantially outstripping the government's growth projections developed prior to the global COVID-19 pandemic and we need to look at how our communities are changing – in terms of size, demographics and in how people live and work in an increasingly connected and digital economy. This unprecedented population and economic growth are putting considerable strain on local infrastructure, which without a recalibration of federal, state, and local government investment will erode the enviable lifestyle that has made our region so attractive in the first place.

Without a swift rectification of this discrepancy, it will have a significant and growing impact on our region and will continue to see the proportionally low levels of government investment per capita that has been prevalent in this region for at least the past two decades. This region has the highest internal migration flows to a regional area in Australia, with latest data showing nearly one in five house relocations to regional Australia come to this region. Therefore, it is right that all government budgets are assessed against this most recent data to ensure a reallocation of funding is made to meet the pressing development needs of this rapidly expanding community.

In addition, the once in a lifetime opportunity hosting of the 2032 Olympic and Paralympic Games is a major event in our region, we are mindful of the potential for a lasting community legacy it affords. It is therefore an important and exciting time for our region where critical decisions made in the next few years will define our region for decades to come.

Through collaboration we're looking to amplify and, where possible, accelerate quality region-led initiatives and opportunities that align with our Vision Statement and will drive positive economic development outcomes for our region. In particular, we're eager to support initiatives which:

- **Show Momentum:** the partner organisation or project has a proven track record, credibility, and traction.
- **Focus on Economic Opportunities:** Projects that create pathways for new business leads, partnerships, investors, customers, and increased participation.
- **Amplify Reach and Impact:** Initiatives that we can help take to the next level, reaching a broader audience or advancing to the next stage of development.
- **Align with Our Vision:** Projects that contribute toward our vision for regional development, with measurable outcomes and impact.

We recognise that working collaboratively will enable us to deliver higher levels of investment, inclusion and impact across the entire growth corridor of the City of Moreton Bay, Sunshine Coast Council and Noosa Council and will ensure our vision provides a longer-term legacy of impact to 2032 and beyond.

We are excited about the impact partnerships we will identify through this process and how these will help us shape a future for this region reaching its full potential.

I look forward to continuing to work with the rest of the RDAMBSC board, our CEO, plus local and national stakeholders to advance the exciting opportunities the next few years will bring.

Gavin Keeley

Chair

Regional Development Australia (RDA) Moreton Bay and Sunshine Coast Inc.



# 1. Background

In September 2024, the Moreton Bay Sunshine Coast Regional Development Australia (RDAMBSC) commissioned the University of Technology Sydney's (UTS) Centre for Local Government (CLG), within the UTS Institute for Public Policy and Governance, to undertake research to inform an evidence based strategic positioning report.

CLG undertook this task by conducting a targeted desktop review of key policy and socio-economic trend information impacting the region, supplemented by an engagement session with the Board and semi-structured interviews with a select number of stakeholders.

This work has been brought together in this paper which is designed to stimulate discussion and support consultation with a broad range of stakeholders.

That consultation process will commence in February 2025 with a series of workshops across the region. Stakeholders will also be able to access information online and provide input through a feedback survey which will be open until late March 2025.

# 2. The Role of RDAs

Regional Development Australia (RDA) committees are funded by the Australian Government. Their role is to work with stakeholders to identify and support key priorities that will advance economic growth and wellbeing across a Region. This support includes advocacy and the identification of funding and partnership opportunities in four priority areas:

- Infrastructure Investment
- Economic Development
- Skilled and Ready Workforce
- Environmental and Natural Assets.

## RDAMBSC

The RDAMBSC is committed to helping create an innovative, dynamic, connected and sustainable region through a highly collaborative approach. It has a clear and value-adding vision: 'One voice driving investment, inclusion and impact through region-led partnerships to sustain the Moreton Bay Sunshine Coast-Noosa economic growth corridor to 2032 and beyond'.

It is committed to actions that complement, support and amplify the ambitious economic development efforts underway and planned. This encompasses the expansion of established businesses and the attraction of new industries and businesses, while also promoting community engagement and participation.

The RDAMBSC recognises that to perform this role effectively it needs to target its effort and maintain a focus on emerging trends. Given the rate of regional growth and the rapid emergence of development opportunities this means that its priorities need to be regularly tested and refreshed. This consultation process, including the Discussion Paper, are a vital part of the RDAMBSC maintaining currency.

### 3. Regional Profile

The MBSC region is undergoing rapid demographic change, driven by overall population growth and shifts in the profile of residents. This sets the scene for economic and social development in the form of both supply and demand side opportunities. For example, there is a growing local workforce and simultaneously an increased demand for education and other age-linked services.

#### Demographics

It is estimated that by 2026, over 1 million people will live within the region and rapid growth is projected to continue well into the future. This is especially the case for Moreton Bay and Sunshine Coast which are both projected to grow by over 25% between 2021 and 2031. In the case of Moreton Bay – already one of the largest Local Government Areas (LGAs) in Australia – this means an increase from 485,000 to 670,000 residents.

Much of Moreton Bay's growth is being driven by the area's relative affordability and proximity to Brisbane, with young families and professionals being attracted to hubs such as North Lakes and Caboolture.

In the Sunshine Coast's lifestyle appeal and employment growth in areas such as Caloundra and Maroochydore are stimulating in-migration. Noosa is continuing its long-term attraction for eco-conscious residents and retirees.

The variations are impacting the age profile of the LGAs. Moreton Bay features a younger demographic, with 30% of residents aged between 25 and 44 and with a median age of 39 years. In comparison, the Sunshine Coast and Noosa LGAs skew older, with median ages of 43 and 50 respectively.

These differences in age distribution are influencing priorities within the LGAs, such as a focus on youth engagement in Moreton Bay, and on demand for aged care services in Sunshine Coast and Noosa.

Population growth is also contributing to increasing diversity within the region, with communities from Europe, Asia and other parts of the world enriching the cultural landscape.

The fastest growing overseas born population group is India-born. However, according to Australian Bureau of Statistics (ABS) figures despite this trend, at the time of the 2021 Census, almost three quarters of the population was Australian born. Noosa's rate of 71% was the same as for Queensland as a whole, while in both Moreton Bay and Sunshine Coast the figure was 74%.

Households where non-English language is used in Australia is 24.8% and in Queensland it is 15.6%. In the LGAs of Moreton Bay, Sunshine Coast and Noosa, it is much lower. Only 10.7% of Moreton Bay's population speak a non-English language at home, compared to 8.2% of the Sunshine Coast and 7.9% of the Noosa population.

The percentage of Indigenous residents is lower in each LGA than the state figure of 4.6%. The largest proportion is in Moreton Bay (3.9%), followed by Sunshine Coast (2.4%) then Noosa (1.7%).

## Education

Both Noosa and Sunshine Coast have a higher proportion of the population with post school qualifications (53%) than the Queensland average of 50%. However, in Moreton Bay, only 49% of the population aged 15 years and over had post school qualifications.

When considering the proportion of people over 15 with Bachelor degrees and higher, the Queensland figure is 22% of the population, while in Noosa, Sunshine Coast and Moreton Bay the figures are 23%, 21% and 17% respectively.

Given the region's economic development ambitions, educational facilities like the University of the Sunshine Coast (USC) and TAFE Queensland will play a crucial role in skills development. Currently, over 43% of students at the USC are studying health or health-related courses. This suggests that to achieve the region's stated aim of growing advanced engineering and knowledge industries, there is a need to expand tertiary education options to help attract, equip and maintain a suitably skilled workforce.

## Employment Profiles

At the time of the 2021 Census almost 540,000 people of working age (15 to 64 years), lived within the region.

In both Moreton Bay (63%) and Sunshine Coast (61%), the working age profile was similar to the state average of 64%. However, Noosa's proportionally larger retiree profile meant that its median age was 50 and 59% of its population was of working age (15 to 64 years).

These variations are reflected in labour force participation rates, with 53% of Noosa residents aged 15 and over in the labour force, compared to 61% in Moreton Bay and 59% in Sunshine Coast.

Employment patterns also differ significantly between local government areas. Moreton Bay has a traditional workforce structure, with the 2021 Census reporting that 30% of people aged over 15 in the workforce worked part-time, whereas Noosa's economy, shaped by tourism, relies more on part-time work (39%). The Sunshine Coast is also above the state average of 30%, with 35% of its workers being part-time.

## Health services

Rapid population growth inevitably places pressure on core services, including healthcare.

Hospitals, such as the Sunshine Coast University Hospital, anchor the region's acute care network and have high patient volumes, particularly in emergency departments. In common with many areas, there are already significant pressures on mental health services, with demand in Gympie and Nambour exceeding available crisis intervention and community-based facilities.

As the population continues to increase, options for expanded and decentralised care services will need to evolve. Digital health services and innovative approaches like mobile clinics can extend services to underserved populations, however, chronic disease management including for diabetes and heart disease, will continue to require the physical presence of services.

## Environment Sustainability

Environmental sustainability is deeply ingrained in the region's socio-cultural fabric. Conservation efforts, green infrastructure and eco-friendly tourism are widely embraced, reflecting the community's collective commitment to protecting natural resources for future generations.

Each of the LGAs exhibits a strong alignment with the United Nations Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs). For example, Noosa's environmental initiatives reflect SDG 15 (Life on Land), while Sunshine Coast's renewable energy efforts align with SDG 7 (Affordable and Clean Energy). Moreton Bay's urban sustainability plans address SDG 11 (Sustainable Cities and Communities).

## Summary

While the localities within the MBSC region have different characteristics, they share common opportunities that derive from factors such as population growth, the natural environment, commitment to sustainability, access to education and health care services plus digital and physical connectivity.

## 4. Regional Economic Development Trends & Opportunities

### Current Directions and Strategic Initiatives

The MBSC region's councils have embraced ambitious Strategies aimed at fostering sustainable economic growth. Their aims are shared by the RDAMBSC and the multiple businesses operating in the region.

Potential priorities identified to date include growing high-value industries such as advanced manufacturing, biotechnology, digital technologies, renewable energy and the wellbeing economy.

The following section provides further context for the region's economic development agenda.

### Economic Development Strategies

Known for its UNESCO Biosphere Reserve, Noosa is focused on attracting knowledge-intensive, low-impact industries like creative enterprises and remote working hubs. Noosa's strategy for 2021–2030 aspires to create a 'Smart Biosphere', blending environmental conservation with economic innovation. Its vision is firmly aligned with sustainability and the preservation of its natural assets.

Moreton Bay has set ambitious goals for transformational growth. By 2041, the LGA aims to double its economy to \$40 billion, create 100,000 jobs and attract 16,000 new businesses. It is prioritising advanced manufacturing, agribusiness and tourism, supported by significant infrastructure investment. Moreton Bay is explicitly seeking to shift from a reliance on population-driven growth to becoming a regional hub for innovation.

The Sunshine Coast aims to grow its economy to \$33 billion by 2033 through sustainable innovation. It is aiming to integrate its UNESCO Biosphere status with projects such as the Maroochydore City Centre and 2032 Olympic Games infrastructure. Its strategy combines climate resilience with a focus on high-value industries, including health, technology and sports.

Each of the councils have invested heavily in internal expertise to support these goals, with teams dedicated to facilitating economic growth through a mix of business attraction, partnering, planning and other forms of support.

## Current Economic and Industrial Trends

While the region's economy is rapidly diversifying, tourism remains a major economic contributor, particularly in Noosa and the Sunshine Coast (17% in each LGA, compared to 8% across Queensland prior to COVID 19 and 3% in Moreton Bay).

Construction is also a major economic driver across the region, accounting for 20% of both Moreton Bay and the Sunshine Coast's Gross Regional Product (GRP).

Healthcare and social assistance account for around 12% of the region's GRP and therefore continued growth in that industry is important.

The region's high-value agricultural output, including macadamia nuts, strawberries, pineapples and avocados, is recognised for its organic and sustainable farming practices. Opportunities for value-added production, such as nut oils and artisanal food products, are emerging, bolstered by access to international markets via Australia's trade agreements.

Advanced manufacturing, precision engineering, and renewable energy technologies are growing in prominence in Moreton Bay and Sunshine Coast. For example, manufacturing contributes 9% of its GRP, but 20% of Sunshine Coast's total exports. The proximity to Brisbane and investment in industrial parks provides a strong foundation for further growth in this field.

The existing Sunshine Coast International Broadband Submarine Cable and the recently announced Tabua trans-Pacific subsea cable are key pieces of infrastructure that can support this growth. They provide one of Australia's fastest internet connections and open opportunities for growing businesses in the digital innovation and the software and services sector.

The strategic alignment of these cables with the coastal seaway creates opportunities for developing integrated maritime services. This infrastructure enables the establishment of advanced marine monitoring systems, enhanced navigation services, and sophisticated emergency response capabilities. The combination of physical maritime assets and digital infrastructure positions the region as a premier maritime technology hub.

## Infrastructure Needs

Strategic and long-term investment in infrastructure is crucial for the MBSC region's ongoing growth.

This has been recognised by governments, business and the community and while important developments are underway, there continues to be a need for a comprehensive approach that fully recognises the rapid pace of growth within the region.

For example, RDAMBSC councils have recognised the need for a holistic approach to transport improvements and developed Integrated Transport Strategies.

Despite the fact that road infrastructure within and connecting to the region has been the target of major investment from both state and federal governments, these Strategies have only been partially addressed. Nonetheless, the \$13 billion, 15-year Bruce Highway Upgrade Program, for example, is a significant state and federally funded initiative that will improve traffic flow, safety and reliability.

At the same time, rail infrastructure is undergoing upgrades as part of the Beerburrum to Nambour Rail Upgrade Project, which aims to boost rail capacity for both freight and passenger services.

Significant investments are also being made to ensure long-term water security, including ongoing upgrades to reservoirs and water treatment facilities and developing recycled water schemes.

The councils are directly investing in improving wastewater treatment plants to cater to the increasing population and ensure that environmental standards are upheld.

Councils are also exploring waste-to-energy technologies, which convert solid waste into renewable energy, reducing landfill use while generating clean power. More advanced material recovery facilities (MRFs) are being planned to increase recycling rates and reduce environmental impacts.

Other forms of infrastructure will also be important to attract business and people to the region. Although the region's current cultural, convention and hotel infrastructure supports local and regional activities, it has been identified as lacking the scale and integration required to compete with leading destinations for high-profile events and business tourism.

Addressing these infrastructure gaps in a strategic, joined-up way would present a strategic opportunity for the region to enhance its economic and cultural appeal and attract professionals in the creative industries.

## 5. Emerging Opportunities

The RDAMBSC region is setting the stage for a dynamic and sustainable future, embracing high-value industries, digital transformation and environmental stewardship in a way that embeds the social, cultural and natural attributes that make the region so unique.

The economic Strategies of Noosa, Moreton Bay and Sunshine Coast Councils set out ambitious visions and pathways to economic growth. These Strategies acknowledge that many of the actions and resources required to deliver their goals are beyond the capacity of a single

council and hence not only neighbouring LGAs, but other levels of government, the private and not-for-profit sectors all need to contribute.

In this context, the RDAMBSC is committed to engaging with governments, business, community members and other stakeholders to identify how it can meaningfully collaborate to support work already underway, and how can it contribute effectively to the region helping to amplify its voice.

The key aim of this section is therefore to help harness a range of suggestions about the future of the region, particularly how economic development opportunities can be generated in a way that takes full advantage of RDAMBSC's strengths and innovative culture.

The RDAMBSC is therefore seeking your views on the current and potential future directions for the region, including any priorities or ideas that arise from this paper, your experience within the region, or your knowledge of economic development Strategies more broadly.

Your input will be gathered in person through a set of regional workshops, as well as online via a short survey over the period February-March 2025.

In order to help stimulate thinking, a short set of questions has been drafted under key themes emerging from the initial evidence gathering phase of this project. The topics canvassed are not exhaustive, and there is no expectation that each question would be responded to directly. Rather, the intent is to provide background material to help inform and structure the consultation phase.

## Growth Dynamics and Maximising Benefits

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### Insights

The RDAMBSC region is experiencing rapid population growth, projected to reach 1.325 million by 2041, with distinct demographic patterns across Moreton Bay, Sunshine Coast and Noosa.

Regional economic growth, supported by education, training and the provision of local services, will facilitate the provision of jobs close to home and help attract a diverse, skilled workforce.

At the same time, each LGA has a unique profile and demographic appeal which needs to be considered when planning for the region as a whole.

### Questions arising

1. What infrastructure investment is most needed to meet the region's rapid growth?
  2. What types of new facilities, investments or initiatives are needed to attract and retain residents, and support community wellbeing?
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3. Are there specific groups, communities or locations within the region that are underserved and should be prioritised or supported in specific ways?
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## Economic Development Priorities

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### Insights

The data indicates that healthcare, tourism, advanced manufacturing and the digital economy are emerging as growth and developmental opportunities for the region.

Healthcare is the largest employment sector, influenced by an ageing population, while eco-tourism and wellness tourism offer strong, sustainable growth potential. Further, healthcare and biotechnology are critical for addressing the needs of growing population, including its ageing population.

Advanced manufacturing and digital technologies are potential areas for high-value development, supported by state-wide economic development investment and the presence of the undersea data cables.

Leveraging its proximity to Brisbane, RDAMBSC is already prioritising clean technology and Industry 4.0 practices such as automation and IoT applications to position itself as a leader in advanced manufacturing.

The opportunities for economic development stemming from the 2032 Brisbane Olympics also need to be unlocked.

An ongoing challenge will be to develop a balanced approach that leverages existing strengths, while simultaneously investing in emerging industries and responding to wider government and business priorities.

### Questions arising

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4. Are there specific barriers to growth that need to be addressed?
  5. What types and scale of investment can best help unlock the region's economic potential?
  6. How do we prioritise investment decisions given the multiple needs and opportunities that exist?
  7. Are there specific examples that offer guidance on how best to access and leverage resources?
  8. How could the 2032 Olympics contribute ongoing economic benefits to the region?
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## Infrastructure and Connectivity Needs

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<b>Insights</b>	<p>Infrastructure plays a pivotal role in supporting RDAMBSC's growth, and research has shown demand for enhanced connectivity across transport and digital networks both within the region and externally.</p> <p>Projects such as the Bruce Highway upgrade are underway, and specific businesses are already taking advantage of the high-speed connectivity of the undersea cables.</p> <p>However, there is also an identified need for other digital infrastructure investment to support work-from-home trends and innovation hubs.</p> <p>A crucial consideration given the unprecedented scale of growth is how to harness these developments in ways that help unlock the region's transformative opportunities while also increasing quality of life, community cohesion and environmental protection.</p>
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<b>Questions arising</b>	<p>9. What are the physical infrastructure priorities most needed to unlock the region's full potential?</p> <p>10. How important is the digital economy and networks to the region? To what extent should these efforts support remote work, tech hubs or other initiatives?</p> <p>11. How could the region best capitalise on the presence of the subsea high-speed cables?</p>
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## Fostering Innovation

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<b>Insights</b>	<p>The RDAMBSC region is primed for growth in innovation, with partnerships between academia, industry and government creating a solid foundation.</p> <p>Expanding healthcare services and focusing on biotech innovation can meet the demands of an ageing population while positioning the region as a leader in medical research and digital health.</p> <p>The emphasis on high-speed internet connectivity and innovation districts aligns with positioning RDAMBSC as a regional leader in digital and advanced manufacturing sectors.</p> <p>It also generates more than just digital and tech-focused opportunities. A cross-cutting approach that embeds an innovation culture and leverages the region's connectivity strengths will not only support local manufacturing and</p>
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health industries, but also be of national significance. It will also underpin growth in the region's strong service sectors such as tourism, finance and insurance.

Innovation can occur at all levels, from small startups to large, established businesses. Therefore, the region's physical and digital infrastructure needs to support existing business strengths and facilitate new industries and ways of working.

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**Questions arising**

12. Are there specific areas within the innovation ecosystem, e.g. biotech, green technology, or digital media, that the region is well placed to advance?
13. What lessons can be learned from the experience of the business incubators and start-up hubs operating in the region (e.g. Peregrin Digital Hub, Silicon Coast, Innovate Moreton Bay) and the self-organised industry groups such as FAN and MEFS to help the region's economy and wider business community?
14. How can small and emerging businesses be supported in this environment?
15. What is needed to attract and retain workers and investors with the entrepreneurial, technical and skills needed to support innovation?

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## Emphasising Sustainability and Climate Action

**Insights**

Sustainability is a key theme throughout the region, including commitments to eco-friendly development, emission reduction, and renewable energy initiatives.

UNESCO Biosphere Reserve designations and renewable energy projects in Noosa and the Sunshine Coast reflect a strong commitment to environmental stewardship.

Eco-tourism, implementing green building standards, and investing in green-tech industries and renewable energy have all been identified as having a part to play across the region.

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**Questions arising**

16. What aspects of the region's sustainability agenda should be further developed?
  17. What resources or models are needed to grow this field?
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18. How can a sustainability mindset be further embedded within business and the community to further enhance the region's reputation and leadership at a national level?
  19. How do we best engage with and learn from the knowledge of our First Nations people?
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## Promoting Wellbeing and Quality of Life

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### Insights

The RDAMBSC region's community-focused approach stands out, with each area offering a distinct lifestyle. For example, many in Moreton Bay value its family-oriented culture, whereas Sunshine Coast projects an emphasis on health and wellness, and parts of Noosa champions eco-conscious living.

These types of attributes can serve to attract residents, business and visitors alike. Further, for these to be nurtured, and balanced with socio-economic disadvantage within areas, requires a mix responses, services, programs and infrastructure to meet emerging community needs. These may include aged care and childcare services, sport and recreation and cultural facilities, libraries, etc.

As the region has a proud Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander population, and growing number of new arrivals with diverse language and cultural backgrounds, there is also a need to ensure diversity within and between communities is recognised, as well as differences between specific places and communities.

### Questions arising

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20. What social programs and infrastructure, are required to specifically enhance wellbeing?
  21. What additional coordination efforts or resourcing is needed to supplement the services and programs of local government?
  22. What community wellbeing and community development innovations are needed?
  23. What are the economic development priorities of First Nations people and Indigenous-owned businesses?
  24. Are there community sport or other opportunities that could be leveraged from the Brisbane Olympic Games? How could regional infrastructure or other initiatives be sustained over time?
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## How the RDAMBSC Adds Value

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### Insights

In its current form the RDAMBSC is a new body with potential to add considerable value to the region. For example:

- Its remit covers the full region
- It is funded by the Australian Government, though also acts as a link across all three layers of government
- It is part of a national network from which it can draw ideas and through which it can promote the region
- It is overseen by a highly qualified Board whose members are all local and who have a passion for the region.

The RDAMBSC is not resourced to, nor does it aspire to duplicate the roles of other organisations.

Its immediate aim is to engage widely to identify how it can most usefully and effectively play a role in supporting the regional development aspirations of the RDAMBSC region.

For instance, it could serve as a regional convener on designated issues, or identify and secure funding for region-wide initiatives, with a focus on strategic investments in infrastructure, digital connectivity, and workforce development.

Additionally, the RDAMBSC could act as a knowledge hub, conducting regional research and data analysis to provide an evidence base and Strategies for shared challenges like infrastructure and climate resilience.

Whatever roles it takes on, it recognises that it must be collaborative and be driven by the concept of ‘one voice’.

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### Questions arising

25. What role(s) should RDAMBSC play to best support the region?
  26. What case studies are you aware of that demonstrate the region’s economic innovation and growth potential, that the RDAMBSC could promote or build on?
  27. How can the RDAMBSC optimally work with local and state government agencies and local business and community interests to promote investment and sustainable development in the region?
  28. Are there ways in which you can assist or partner with the RDAMBSC?
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## Contact us:

To comment on this report or find out how to be involved in the consultation, please contact us.

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